Assurance of Student Learning Report				
2020-2021				
CHHS	Public Health			
Epidemiology Certificate-1751				
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Use this page to	list learning outcomes, measurements, and summarize results for your program. Detailed information must be completed in th	e subsequent	pages.		
Student Learni	ng Outcome 1: Describe public health problem from epidemiological perspective.				
Instrument 1	Direct: Research Project Report (PH 630)				
Instrument 2	Indirect: Exit survey				
Based on your	results, check whether the program met the goal Student Learning Outcome 1.	🛛 Met	Not Met		
Student Learni	ng Outcome 2: Apply epidemiological methods to assess and analyze impact of public health problems.				
Instrument 1	Direct: Research Project Report (PH 630)				
Instrument 2	Indirect: Exit survey				
Based on your results, check whether the program met the goal Student Learning Outcome 2.					
Program Sumn	nary (Briefly summarize the action and follow up items from your detailed responses on subsequent pages.)		,		
We will refine certificate. W alignment wit	e measurement, alignment, and instructions for the research project report for PH 630, which serves as the capst e will conduct a content and assessment review of the other required and elective courses in the certificate h this SLO objective.	one for the e to ensure th	pidemiology rere is strong		

Student Learning Outcome 1						
Student Learning Outcome	Describe publ	Describe public health problem from epidemiological perspective.				
Measurement Instrument 1	Part I and IV that uses an e (Part I) and d	Part I and IV of Research project Report in PH 630 class: Students are required to write a report on a semester-long hat uses an epidemiological perspective to describe a public health problem by examining the existing literature Part I) and discussion of original analysis (Part IV).				
Criteria for Student Success	Students earn	an aggregate score of 80% or higher on Pa	arts I and IV of report.			
Program Success Target for this	Measurement	80% of students enrolled in PH630 will meet the criteria for student success.	Percent of Program Achieving Target	Overall: 100% (6,	/6)	
Methods	The report is this measurer Instructions a	The report is graded by the course instructor. Individual grades are computed for Parts I and IV and aggregated for this measurement. The aggregated score is reported for all students in PH630 during the academic year. (N=6) Instructions are attached.				
Measurement Instrument 2	Exit Survey: In one section met the object	Exit Survey: Graduating students are required to complete an exit survey, which is administered through Qualtrics. In one section, students who completed the epidemiology certificate self-assess the extent to which the certificate met the objective "Apply epidemiological methods to describe public health problem."				
Criteria for Student Success	Students rate	Students rate objective as 4 or higher on 5 point scale				
Program Success Target for this	Measurement	At least 80% of students completing certificate will meet criteria for success	Percent of Program Achieving Target	100% (2 of 2) Mean: 4.5		
Methods	Census of gra identifies who asked to iden epidemiology analyzed deso	Census of graduating students in AY 20-21 complete mandatory MPH exit survey through Qualtrics. System identifies who has completed the survey, but responses are not linked to the respondents. On the survey, students are asked to identify if they completed a certificate and, if so, which certificate they completed. Those selecting the epidemiology certificate are asked to rate the extent to which the certificate met its objectectives. Results are analyzed descriptively (frequency central tendency). Frequency data are recoded in and compared to target				
Based on your results, highlight whether the program met the goal Student Learning Outcome 1. Image: Comparison of the program met the goal Student Learning Outcome 1.					Not Met	
Actions (Describe the decision-making process and actions for program improvement. The actions should include a timeline.)						
Though met, we will continue to refine measurement for this SLO. PH 630 serves as the capstone for the epidemiology certificate, and we will						
explore ways to further align instructions with the SLO objective.						
Follow-Up (Provide your timeline for follow-up. If follow-up has occurred, describe how the actions above have resulted in program improvement.)						
N/A: First year of certificate						
Next Assessment Cycle Plan (Please describe your assessment plan timetable for this outcome)						
Assessment of this SLO will occur annually. PH 630 is a fall-only class; the MPH exit survey is administered each semester.						

Student Learning Outcome 2						
Student Learning Outcome	Apply epidemiological methods to assess and analyze impact of public health problems.					
Measurement Instrument 1	Part II and III of Research project Report in PH 630 class: Students are required to write a report on a semester-long					
	that applies e	that applies epidemiological methods to assess (Part II) and analyze (Part III) a secondary data set that examines a				
	public health	problem.				
Criteria for Student Success	Students earn	an aggregate score of 80% or higher on P	arts II and III of report			
Program Success Target for this	Measurement	80% of students enrolled in the PH630	Percent of Program Achieving	Overall: 100%	(6/6)	
		will meet the criteria for student	Target			
	1	success.				
Methods	The report is	graded by the course instructor. Individual	l grades are computed for Parts	s I and IV and ag	gregated for	
	this measurer	nent. The aggregated score is reported for	all students in PH630 during th	ne academic year	r. (N=6)	
	Instructions a	re attached.				
Measurement Instrument 2	Exit Survey:	Graduating students are required to compl	lete an exit survey, which is ad	ministered throu	igh Qualtrics.	
	In one section	n, students who completed the epidemiolog	gy certificate self-asssess the ex	xtent to which th	e certificate	
	met the objec	tive "Apply epidemiological methods to as	ssess and analyze impact of pu	blic health probl	.em."	
Criteria for Student Success	At least 80%	of students completing certificate will mee	et criteria for success			
Program Success Target for this Measurement		Students rate objective as 4 or higher	Percent of Program Achieving	50% (1 of 2)		
		on 5 point scale	Target	Mean: 3.5		
Methods	Census of gra	duating students in AY 20-21 complete m	andatory MPH exit survey through	ough Qualtrics. S	System	
	identifies who	b has completed the survey, but responses	are not linked to the responder	nts. On the surve	y, students are	
	asked to ident	tify if they completed a certificate and, if s	so, which certificate they comp	leted. Those sel	ecting the	
	epidemiology	v certificate are asked to rate the extent to v	which the certificate met its ob	jectectives. Resu	lts are	
	analyzed desc	criptively (frequency, central tendency). F	requency data are recoded in a	nd compared to	target.	
Based on your results, circle or l	highlight whether	r the program met the goal Student Learning O	utcome 2.	🗌 Met	🛛 Not Met	
Actions (Describe the decision-ma	Actions (Describe the decision-making process and actions planned for program improvement. The actions should include a timeline.)					
Though the first measurement is met, we will refine measurement, alignment, and instructions for Parts II and III of the research project report for						
PH 630, which serves as the capstone for the epidemiology certificate. We will conduct a content and assessment review of the other required and						
elective courses in the certificate to ensure there is strong alignment with this SLO objective.						
Follow-Up (Provide your timeline for follow-up. If follow-up has occurred, describe how the actions above have resulted in program improvement.)						
N/A: First year of certificate						
Next Assessment Cycle Plan (Pla	ease describe your	assessment plan timetable for this outcome)				
Assessment of this SLO will occur annually. PH 630 is a fall-only class; the MPH exit survey is administered each semester.						

# PH630 Advanced Epidemiology Research Report

### Instruction:

The analysis project for the course requires that you apply analytic methods that we have been learning about to the analyze a real dataset. The primary objective of this assignment is to provide you with experience in describing public health problem after reviewing existing literature, applying appropriate epidemiological methods to analyze data, interpret and present the findings from epidemiologic data. Datasets for the project are available on Blackboard in formats for SAS, SPSS, Excel. The assignment is written in a way that assumes you are using SAS, but you are welcome to use other softwares.

In your final report, the following sections are expected to be in your report: 1) Introduction /literature review (please mention the purpose of this study or research question at the end of this section); 2) Method including study population, study design, definitions and measurements of variables, and statistical analysis method used; 3) Result; 4) Discussion, Conclusion, and Recommendation; 5) Reflection of what you learned during the course. Detailed instructions can be found below:

Your report should be approximately 3-10 pages.

**Part I. Introduction /Literature Review.** You are expected to prepare a brief review of the literature on coronary heart disease and its risk factors including age, hypertension, smoking, family history, and, most importantly, Type A personality. Comment on magnitude of reported risk factor associations and, if possible, population attributable risk. Include <u>no more than 10</u> references. The review should be 1.5-2.5 pages in length (typed and double-spaced, 11 point Arial or 12 point Times New Roman, 1-inch margins). Correct spelling, grammar, and syntax are expected. Use American Medical Association citation and bibliography format. **PLEASE DO NOT PLAGIARIZE FROM YOUR SOURCES.** If you are unsure what constitutes plagiarism, consult with your instructor before submitting your assignment.

### Part II. Method.

This dataset contains data from an unmatched case-control study of 160 coronary heart disease (CHD) cases and 302 controls. Participants were queried about their medical status and personal habits one year ago (prior to the onset of heart disease for cases). All participants are male.

What were the variables measured in the dataset, and how were they coded?

What statistical analysis have you conducted? What statistical methods have been applied ? software you used?

Outcome variable: CHD—heart disease, yes/no (1/0)

<u>Predictor variables:</u> Typea—score on a test of type A personality (higher score means more Type A) Age—years HTN—hypertension: SBP ≥ 140 mmHg (1/0) FamHist—family history of heart disease (1/0) Smoker—current smoking status (1/0)

The purpose of the study was to test whether Type A personality is related to heart disease after controlling for potential confounders.

# Part III. Results.

1. Bivariate analysis: Using SAS PROC FREQ or its equivalent in a different statistical package, generate a chisquare test for family history, TypeA, Htn, smoker and CHD and create the table. At the 0.05 level of significance, summarize the finding in the table 1 and table 2 in details.

Table 1	Variables	Non-CHD	CHD	P value
		N= 302	N= 160	from chi-s
				quare test statistis
	Smoker, n(%)	210 (69.54)	145(90.63)	
	Family History, n(%)			
	Hypertension, n(%)			
	Type A, n(%)			

	Variables	Odds ratio of heart
Table 2		disease
	Smoker	
	Family History	3.2188
	Hypertension	
	Type A personality	

2. Stratification analysis: Using SAS PROC FREQ or its equivalent in a different statistical package, conduct stratification analysis for variable htn, famhist, smoke, and assess these three variables are confounders or effect-modifier for the association between type A and chd. Summarize the fining from the stratification analysis.

Table 3	Crude odds	Stratified Odds ratio	P value for	Mantel-Hanzel Odds
	ratio of		Breslow day	ratio
	heart		Test	
	disease for			
	type A and			
	heart			
	disease			
	Note: this is			
	column			
	should have			

	same odds ratios			
Smoking		Smoker:		
		No smoker:		
Family		Famhist		
history		Non- famhist		
Hypertension		Htn		
		Non-htn		

### Part IV. Discussion, Conclusion, and Recommendation

In this section, first repeat your finding from your results section, then discuss what are the potential mechanisms to support your finding. You may add more references if needed. Then state your conclusion and recommendations.

### Part V. Reflection what you learned and expected to be added in future

The reflection is an important part for the students and for the instructor. Please summarize what you have learned and like, and state what are the weakness and you suggest to improve in future classes.